Andhra Pradesh State Council of Higher Education B.Sc. Chemistry Syllabus under CBCS w.e.f. 2015-16 (revised in April 2016)

Structure of Chemistry Syllabus Under CBCS

YEAR	SEMESTER	PAPER	TITLE	MARKS	CREDITS
ILAN			Inorganic and Organic	100	03
I	I	I	Chemistry	100	0.5
			Practical – I	50	02
	II	II	Physical and General	100	03
	11	11	Chemistry	100	03
			Practical – II	50	02
II	III	III	Inorganic and organic	100	03
		111	Chemistry		
			Practical – III	50	02
	IV	IV	Spectroscopy and Physical	100	03
	1,	1,	Chemistry		
			Practical – IV	50	02
III	V	V	Inorganic ,Organic and	100	03
			Physical Chemistry		
			Practical – V	50	02
		VI	Inorganic ,Organic and	100	03
			Physical Chemistry		
			Practical – VI	50	02
	* Any one	VII (A)*	Elective	100	03
	Paper from	, ,	Practical - VII A	50	02
	VII A, B and C	VII (B)*	Elective	100	03
			Practical - VII B	50	02
	and C	VII (C)*	Elective	100	03
	** Any one		Practical - VII C	50	02
		VIII (A)**	Cluster Electives - I:	100	03
	cluster		VIII-A-1	100	03
	from VIII,		VIII-A-2	100	03
	A, B and C		VIII-A-3	50	02
				50 50	02 02
		VIII (D)**	Cluster Electives - II ::	100	03
		VIII (B)**	VIII-B-1	100	03
			VIII-B-1	100	03
			VIII-B-3	50	02
				50	02
	N/T			50	02
	VI	VIII (C)**	Cluster Electives - III ::	100	03
		VIII (C)	VIII-C-1	100	03
			VIII-C-2	100	03
			VIII-C-3	50	02
				50	02
				50	02

SEMESTER-V

Paper - V (INORGANIC, PHYSICAL & ORGANIC CHEMISTRY) 45 hrs (3 h/w)

INORGANIC CHEMISTRY

UNIT-I

Coordination Chemistry:

8h

IUPAC nomenclature - bonding theories - Review of Werner's theory and Sidgwick's concept of coordination - Valence bond theory - geometries of coordination numbers 4-tetrahedral and square planar and 6-octahedral and its limitations, crystal filed theory - splitting of d-orbitals in octahedral, tetrahedral and square-planar complexes - low spin and high spin complexes - factors affecting crystal-field splitting energy, merits and demerits of crystal-field theory. Isomerism in coordination compounds - structural isomerism and stereo isomerism, stereochemistry of complexes with 4 and 6 coordination numbers.

UNIT-II

1. Spectral and magnetic properties of metal complexes:

4h

Types of magnetic behavior, spin-only formula, calculation of magnetic moments, experimental determination of magnetic susceptibility-Gouymethod.

2. Stability of metal complexes:

3h

Thermodynamic stability and kinetic stability, factors affecting the stability of metal complexes, chelate effect, determination of composition of complex by Job's method and mole ratio method.

ORGANIC CHEMISTRY

UNIT-III

Nitro hydrocarbons:

3h

Nomenclature and classification-nitro hydrocarbons, structure -Tautomerism of nitroalkanes leading to aci and keto form, Preparation of Nitroalkanes, reactivity - halogenation, reaction with HONO (Nitrous acid), Nef reaction and Mannich reaction leading to Micheal addition and reduction.

UNIT - IV

Nitrogen compounds:

12h

Amines (Aliphatic and Aromatic): Nomenclature, Classification into 1°, 2°, 3° Amines and Quarternary ammonium compounds. Preparative methods –

1. Ammonolysis of alkyl halides 2. Gabriel synthesis 3. Hoffman's bromamide reaction (mechanism).

Reduction of Amides and Schmidt reaction. Physical properties and basic character - Comparative basic strength of Ammonia, methyl amine, dimethyl amine, trimethyl amine and aniline - comparative basic strength of aniline, N-methylaniline and N,N-dimethyl aniline (in aqueous and non-aqueous medium), steric effects and substituent effects.

Chemical properties: a) Alkylation b) Acylation c) Carbylamine reaction d) Hinsberg separation e) Reaction with Nitrous acid of 1°, 2°, 3° (Aliphatic and aromatic amines). Electrophillic substitution of Aromatic amines – Bromination and Nitration. Oxidation of aryl and Tertiary amines, Diazotization.

PHYSICAL CHEMISTRY

UNIT-V

Thermodynamics 15h

The first law of thermodynamics-statement, definition of internal energy and enthalpy. Heat capacities and their relationship. Joule-Thomson effect- coefficient. Calculation of w, for the expansion of perfect gas under isothermal and adiabatic conditions for reversible processes. State function. Temperature dependence of enthalpy of formation-Kirchoff's equation. Second law of thermodynamics. Different Statements of the law. Carnot cycle and its efficiency. Carnot theorem. Concept of entropy, entropy as a state function, entropy changes in reversible and irreversible processes. Entropy changes in spontaneous and equilibrium processes.

List of Reference Books

- 1. Concise coordination chemistry by Gopalan and Ramalingam
- 2. Coordination Chemistry by Basalo and Johnson
- 3. Organic Chemistry by G.Mare loudan, Purdue Univ
- 4. Advanced Physical Chemistry by
- 5.Text book of physical chemistry by S Glasstone
- 6. Concise Inorganic Chemistry by J.D.Lee
- 7. Advanced Inorganic Chemistry Vol-I by Satyaprakash, Tuli, Basu and Madan
- 8. A Text Book of Organic Chemistry by Bahl and Arun bahl
- 9.A Text Book of Organic chemistry by I L Finar Vol I
- 10. Advanced physical chemistry by Gurudeep Raj

SEMESTER-V

Paper - VI (INORGANIC, ORGANIC & PHYSICAL CHEMISTRY)

45 hrs (3 h / w)

INORGANIC CHEMISTRY

UNIT-I

1. Reactivity of metal complexes:

4h

Labile and inert complexes, ligand substitution reactions - SN¹ and SN², substitution reactions of square planar complexes - Trans effect and applications of trans effect.

2.Bioinorganic chemistry:

4h

Essential elements, biological significance of Na, K, Mg, Ca, Fe, Co, Ni, Cu, Zn and Cl⁻. Metalloporphyrins – Structure and functions of hemoglobin, Myoglobin and Chlorophyll.

PHYSICAL CHEMISTRY

UNIT-II

1. Chemical kinetics 8h

Rate of reaction - Definition of order and molecularity. Derivation of rate constants for first, second, third and zero order reactions and examples. Derivation for time half change. Methods to determine the order of reactions. Effect of temperature on rate of reaction, Arrhenius equation, concept of activation energy.

2. Photochemistry

5h

Difference between thermal and photochemical processes. Laws of photochemistry-Grothus-Draper's law and Stark-Einstein's law of photochemical equivalence. Quantum yield-Photochemical reaction mechanism- hydrogen- chlorine, hydrogen- bromine reaction. Qualitative description of fluorescence, phosphorescence, Photosensitized reactions- energy transfer processes (simple example)

ORGANIC CHEMISTRY

UNIT-III

Heterocyclic Compounds

7h

Introduction and definition: Simple five membered ring compounds with one hetero atom Ex. Furan. Thiophene and pyrrole - Aromatic character - Preparation from 1,4,-dicarbonyl compounds, Paul-Knorr synthesis.

Properties: Acidic character of pyrrole - electrophillic substitution at 2 or 5 position, Halogenation, Nitration and Sulphonation under mild conditions - Diels Alder reaction in furan.

Pyridine – Structure - Basicity - Aromaticity - Comparison with pyrrole - one method of preparation and properties - Reactivity towards Nucleophilic substitution reaction.

UNIT-IV

Carbohydrates 8h

Monosaccharides: (+) Glucose (aldo hexose) - Evidence for cyclic structure of glucose (some negative aldehydes tests and mutarotation) - Proof for the ring size (methylation, hydrolysis and oxidation reactions) - Pyranose structure (Haworth formula and chair conformational formula).

(-) Fructose (ketohexose) - Evidence of 2 - ketohexose structure (formation of pentaacetate, formation of cyanohydrin its hydrolysis and reduction by HI). Cyclic structure for fructose (Furanose structure and Haworth formula) - osazone formation from glucose and fructose – Definition of anomers with examples.

Interconversion of Monosaccharides: Aldopentose to Aldohexose (Arabinose to

- D- Glucose, D-Mannose) (Kiliani Fischer method). Epimers, Epimerisation Lobry de bruyn van Ekenstein rearrangement. Aldohexose to Aldopentose (D-Glucose to
- D- Arabinose) by Ruff degradation. Aldohexose to Ketohexose
- [(+) Glucose to (-) Fructose] and Ketohexose to Aldohexose (Fructose to Glucose)

UNIT-V

Amino acids and proteins

7h

Introduction: Definition of Amino acids, classification of Amino acids into alpha, beta, and gamma amino acids. Natural and essential amino acids - definition and examples, classification of alpha amino acids into acidic, basic and neutral amino acids with examples. Methods of synthesis: General methods of synthesis of alpha amino acids (specific examples - Glycine, Alanine, valine and leucine) by following methods: a) from halogenated carboxylic acid b) Malonic ester synthesis c) strecker's synthesis.

Physical properties: Zwitter ion structure - salt like character - solubility, melting points, amphoteric character, definition of isoelectric point.

Chemical properties: General reactions due to amino and carboxyl groups - lactams from gamma and delta amino acids by heating peptide bond (amide linkage). Structure and nomenclature of peptides and proteins.

List of Reference Books

- 1. Concise coordination chemistry by Gopalan and Ramalingam
- 2. Coordination Chemistry by Basalo and Johnson
- 3. Organic Chemistry by G.Mare loudan, Purdue Univ
- 4. Advanced Physical Chemistry by Atkins
- 5. Text book of physical chemistry by S Glasstone
- 7. Instrumentation and Techniques by Chatwal and Anand
- 8. Essentials of nano chemistry by pradeep
- 9. A Textbook of Physical Chemistry by Puri and Sharma
- 10. Advanced physical chemistry by Gurudeep Raj

LABORATORY COURSE – V Practical Paper – V Organic Chemistry

(at the end of semester V) 30 hrs (2 h / W)

Organic Qualitative Analysis:

50M

Analysis of an organic compound through systematic qualitative procedure for functional group identification including the determination of melting point and boiling point with suitable derivatives.

Alcohols, Phenols, Aldehydes, Ketones, Carboxylic acids, Aromatic Primary Amines, Amides and Simple sugars.

LABORATORY COURSE – VI Practical Paper – VI Physical Chemistry (at the end of semester V)

30 hrs (2 h/W)

- 1. Determination of rate constant for acid catalyzed ester hydrolysis.
- 2. Determination of molecular status and partition coefficient of benzoicacid in Benzene and water.
- 3. Determination of Surface tension of liquid
- 4. Determination of Viscosity of liquid.
- 5. Adsorption of acetic acid on animal charcoal, verification of Freundlisch isotherm.